## Q3 FY3/09 Financial Statements

February 13, 2009
Company Name: Matsuda Sangyo Co., Ltd.
Exchanges listed on: Tokyo Stock Exchange (First Section)
Company code: 7456 URL: http://www.matsuda-sangyo.co.jp
Representative: Representative Director/President Yoshiaki Matsuda
Inquiries: Director in Charge of IR
Yoshitaka Tashiro TEL: 03-5381-0728
Date of the formal Q3 financial statements:
February 13, 2009
(Figures are rounded down to the nearest million yen)

1. Q3 FY3/09 Consolidated results (April 1, 2008 - December 31, 2008)
(1) Consolidated operating results (percentages are year-on-year changes)

|  | Net sales |  | Operating income |  | Ordinary income |  | Net income |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: | :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (millions of yen) | $\%$ | (millions of yen) | $\%$ | (millions of yen) | $\%$ | (millions of yen) | $\%$ |
| Q3 FY3/09 | 151,876 |  | 5,990 |  | 5,329 |  | 3,121 |  |
| Q3 FY3/08 | 142,526 | 14.5 | 6,822 | 12.5 | 6,877 | 4.1 | 4,084 | 3.0 |


|  | Net income <br> per share |  | Diluted net income <br> per share |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q3 FY3/09 | 108.77 | - | Yen |
| Q3 FY3/08 | 156.14 | - |  |

(Note) The company enacted a 1.1:1 stock split on September 1, 2007 and September 1, 2008.
(2) Changes in consolidated financial position

|  | Total assets | Net assets | Shareholders' equity <br> ratio | Net assets per share |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q3 FY3/09 | (millions of yen) | (millions of yen) | 58.5 | $1,168.27$ |
| FY3/08 | 56,380 | 32,985 | 58.5 | $1,202.99$ |

(Reference) Shareholders' equity Q3 FY3/09 32,985 million yen FY3/08 31,462 million yen

## 2. Dividends

| Dividend per share |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Record date) | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Full fiscal year |  |  |
|  | Yen | Yen | Yen | Yen | 24.00 |  |  |
| FY3/08 | - | 12.00 | - |  | - |  |  |
| FY3/09 | - | - | - | 12.00 | 24.00 |  |  |

(Note) Changes in projections of dividends in Q3 FY3/09: None
(Note) The company enacted a 1.1:1 stock split on September 1, 2008
3. FY3/09 consolidated earnings projections (April 1, 2008-March 31, 2009)
(percentages are year-on-year changes)

(Note) Changes in projections of consolidated earnings Q3 FY3/09: Yes
(Note) Shares of our stock were split 1 to 1.1 on September 1, 2007 and on September 1, 2008. Net income per share for the Q3 of the FY ended March 2008 and Q3 of the FY ending March 2009 have been calculated as though the stock splits occurred at the beginning of each FY, that is, April 1, 2007 and April 1, 2008.
The projection for net income per share for the FY ending March 2009 was also calculated using the same assumption.
4. Other
(1) Changes in subsidiaries during the period (changes in specified subsidiaries resulting from changes in scope of consolidation): None
(2) Application of the simplified accounting method and/or the special accounting method for quarterly consolidated financial statements: Yes
(Note) Refer to section 4, Other in Qualitative information and financial statements, on page 6 for details.
(3) Changes in accounting principles and procedures or format of quarterly consolidated financial statements (those listed in changes to important items forming the basis for preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements)
(a) Changes accompanying revisions to items such as accounting standards: Yes
(b) Other changes: Yes
(Note) Refer to section 4, Other in Qualitative information and financial statements, on page 6 for details.
(4) Number of issued shares (common shares)
(a) Number of issued shares at the end of the period (including own shares)

Q3 FY3/09 28,908,581 FY3/08 26,280,529
(b) Number of own shares at the end of the period Q3 FY3/09 674,554 FY3/08 127,549
(c) Average number of shares during the period ( 9 months) Q3 FY3/09 28,694,317 Q3 FY3/08 26,158,320

* Explanation of the proper use of earnings projections and other notes
(1) The statements about future described on this material such as earnings projections have been made based on information currently available and some conditions that we judge rational. Actual earnings may differ greatly from the above projections for various reasons such as changes in business conditions.
(2) Effective from this consolidated fiscal year, ASBJ Statement No.12, "Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting," and ASBJ Guidance No.14, "Guidance on Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting," have been applied. In addition, quarterly financial statements were prepared in accordance with the "Regulation Concerning Terminology, Forms and Methods of Preparation of Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements."


## [Qualitative information and financial statements]

## 1. Qualitative information concerning consolidated results

The financial chaos triggered by the US subprime loan crisis had a dramatic effect on demand for housing, automobiles, home electronics and other consumer goods in the first 9 months. Resulting cutbacks in production together with the strong yen have precipitated a rapid decline in the economy in Q3. In addition, the long-term rise in prices for crude oil, grains and other natural resources, the worsening of the real economy and the credit crunch contributed to the major downturn.

Under these conditions, the Group's precious metals business has conducted sales and developed technology and products to respond to a wide range of customer needs in the semiconductor and electronic parts industries, among others. In the food business, we have strived to meet the needs of customers for safe imported foods by strengthening relationships with overseas suppliers while finding and developing new production regions and food materials.

Performance by business segment was as follows.

## Precious metals business

Because of the drastic production adjustments occurred in Q3 FY3/09 in the semiconductor and electronic parts industries, the chief targets of our precious metals recycling business, the sales of precious metal chemical products and gold bonding wires decreased, and the recovery and recycling of precious metals was also on a declining trend. Although the production of precious metal bullions was firm partly due to the liquidation of raw materials inventories, the sales in Q3 were down from the previous Q3. On the other hand, the first 9 months sales exceeded the previous first 9 months due to the good performance of the first half.

In the environment division, we used our strong countrywide recovery and transportation network to increase the amount of materials handled in 1H. However, in 3Q with cutbacks in production among our main customers waste products were greatly reduced and we experienced a decline in volume for the first 9 months.

In addition, as the market continued to fall at the end of December, some of the precious metals inventory, which is difficult to hedge, had write-down in the book value of $¥ 647$ million (recorded as a valuation loss). Also, because we changed the method for assessing the value of products (except some processes and inventory) and work in progress from last in first out to first in first out, operating income decreased by $¥ 72$ million.

As a result, for this business, net sales were $¥ 113,003$ million, and operating income was $¥ 4,847$ million.

## Food business

Consumer confidence has been undermined due to concerns over the slowing economy and difficult business conditions look set to continue in the food business. Under these conditions, the amount of seafood (such as surimi) sold declined, but sales prices rose, especially for high-end foods, so that sales were up. Though the sales price of livestock products including poultry and chicken meat as well as agricultural products such as vegetables rose, the chicken meat and low-price surimi market experienced a decline since the summer, worsening results.

As a result, for this business, net sales were $¥ 38,923$ million, and operating income was $¥ 1,143$ million.

Thus, for this first 9 months, consolidated net sales were $¥ 151,876$ million, operating income was $¥ 5,990$ million. However, ordinary income was $¥ 5,329$ million, and net income was $¥ 3,121$ million due to foreign exchange losses and equity in losses of affiliates caused by a sharp hike in the yen.

## 2. Qualitative information concerning consolidated financial position

(1) Assets, liabilities and net assets

Total assets
Total assets as of the end of this Q3 were $¥ 56,380$ million, down $¥ 6,564$ million from the end of the previous FY. Chiefly, this is the result of a decrease in inventory of $¥ 3,993$ million, a decrease in accounts due of $¥ 3,579$ million.

## Liabilities

Total liabilities as of the end of this Q3 were $¥ 23,395$ million, down $¥ 8,087$ million from the end of the previous FY. Chiefly, this is the result of a decrease in accounts payable of $¥ 2,114$ million, a decrease in accrued liability of $¥ 3,545$ million, and a decrease in income taxes payable of $¥ 1,473$ million.

## Net assets

Net assets as of the end of this Q3 were $¥ 32,985$ million, up $¥ 1,523$ million from the end of the previous FY. Chiefly, this is the result of subtracting a reduction due to payment of dividends from the 9 months income for a gain in retained earnings of $¥ 2,462$ million and a loss by share buyback of $¥ 533$ million.

## (2) Cash Flow Status

Cash and cash equivalents (hereafter, "cash") for the Q3 were as follows: Cash flow from operating activities rose 4,699 million yen, cash flow from investing activities decreased 1,133 million yen, and cash flow from financing activities decreased 2,553 million yen. Cash on hand at the end of the Q3, after adjusting for translations, increased 813 million yen from the end of the previous FY to 3,537 million yen.

## Cash flow from operating activities:

Operating activities resulted in a cash inflow of 4,699 million yen. This was mainly due to net income after income taxes and a decrease of inventories.

## Cash flow from investing activities:

Investing activities resulted in an outflow of 1,133 million yen. This was due to the replacement of factory equipments, purchase of land, development of ERP system.

## Cash flow from financing activities:

Financing activities resulted in an outflow of 2,553 million yen. This was due to the payment of short-term debt and long-term debt, and dividend payment and share buyback.

## 3. Qualitative information concerning consolidated earnings projections

The drastic cutbacks in production in the semiconductor and electronic parts industries in Q3 caused the decline of sales of precious metal chemical products and gold bonding wires. Because production cutbacks seem to continue through Q4, the full fiscal year forecast announced on November 11, 2008 is hereby adjusted as follows.
Adjustment of full year forecast of consolidated results (April 1, 2008-March 31, 2009)

|  | (Millions of yen) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Net sales | Operating income | Ordinary income | Net income | Earnings <br> per share (Yen) |
| Previous forecast (A) | 200,000 | 7,200 | 7,200 | 4,300 | 149.45 |
| New forecast (B) | 185,000 | 6,500 | 5,500 | 3,200 | 113.33 |
| Difference (B-A) | $-15,000$ | -700 | $-1,700$ | $-1,100$ | - |
| Difference (\%) | -7.5 | -9.7 | -23.6 | -25.6 | - |
| (Reference) <br> Previous FY results <br> (FY ended March 2008) | 194,795 | 9,088 | 8,863 | 5,286 | 202.10 |

## 4. Other

(1) Changes in subsidiaries during the period (changes in specified subsidiaries resulting from changes in scope of consolidation):

There is nothing to report.
(2) Application of the simplified accounting method and/or the special accounting method for quarterly consolidated financial statements:
(Simplified accounting method)
Depreciation and amortization method for tangible fixed assets
Assets depreciated with the declining balance method will have their depreciation and amortization expense for the corresponding consolidated FY calculated by charging the expense proportionality over each period.
(Additional information)
Changes in the useful life of tangible fixed assets
In line with revisions to the statutory useful life and classification of assets based on the Corporate Tax Law of Japan as amended in 2008 (April 30, 2008, finance ministry ordinance No. 32 concerning useful life in depreciation and amortization), the Group and its Japanese subsidiaries have taken the opportunity to revise the useful life of their tangible fixed assets. From the start of the Q1 FY3/09 consolidated accounting period the useful life applied to machinery and equipment was reduced from 10 years to 7 years

The effect of adoption of this change in this period was to reduce operating income, ordinary income and income before income taxes by $¥ 80$ million respectively compared to when the earlier method was used.

The effect of the above on segment information can be found in the corresponding parts of this document.
(3) Changes in accounting principles and procedures or format of quarterly consolidated financial statements
(a) Application of "Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting" and related guidance

Effective from consolidated FY3/09, ASBJ Statement No.12, "Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting," and ASBJ Guidance No.14, "Guidance on Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting," have been applied. In addition, quarterly financial statements were prepared in accordance with the "Regulation Concerning Terminology, Forms and Methods of Preparation of Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements."
(b) Application of "Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories" and related guidance

The Accounting Standard Board of Japan statement No. 9 "Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories" issued on July 5, 2006 was adopted from the start of Q1 FY3/09. It requires that inventories held for sale in the ordinary course of business be valued at the lower of cost or net selling value.

Because of these changes, the operating income, ordinary income and income before income taxes for this period have each been reduced by $¥ 770$ million.

The effect of the above on segment information can be found in the corresponding parts of this document.
(c) Application of "Practical Solution on Unification of Accounting Policies Applied to Foreign Subsidiaries for Consolidated Financial Statements" and related guidance

The "Practical Solution on Unification of Accounting Policies Applied to Foreign Subsidiaries for Consolidated Financial Statements (May 17, 2006, ASBJ PITF No. 18)" was adopted from the start of Q1 FY3/09. The effect of adoption of this accounting standard was not material.
(d) Method of inventory valuation

Previously, merchandise, finished goods, (excluding precious bullion in process) and work in process in the Group's precious metals business were accounted for by use of LIFO cost accounting. From the start of Q1 FY3/09 consolidated accounting period FIFO cost accounting (whereby book value declines with a decline in profitability) was used.

Due to the recent large increases in the price of precious metal bullions, the total value for inventories presented on the balance sheet differs greatly from prevailing prices. The change to the FIFO system and its effect on the value of inventories on the balance sheet aims to present our financial situation more accurately, and bring the accounting system in line with international standards. In order to strengthen our revenue base and management efficiency we have taken this opportunity to implement the newly developed precious metals business core systems.

From Q1 FY3/09, in order to shorten delivery times whilst maintaining production efficiency and to accurately reflect the purpose of the precious metal bullions on hand, precious metal bullions in process has been treated as a separate category, and the accounting method for this has changed from LIFO to the total average cost accounting method (whereby book value declines with a decline in profitability).

The effect of adoption of this change was to increase, operating income, ordinary income and income before income taxes by $¥ 72$ million respectively.

The effect of the above on segment information can be found in the corresponding parts of this document.

## 5. Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Quarterly Consolidated Balance Sheet

| (millions of yen) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Q3 FY3/09 } \\ \text { (December 31, 2008) } \end{gathered}$ | FY3/08 Summary (March 31, 2008) |
| (Assets) |  |  |
| Current assets |  |  |
| Cash and deposits | 3,542 | 2,727 |
| Notes and accounts receivable | 21,066 | 20,868 |
| Merchandise | 4,922 | 4,370 |
| Finished goods | 2,523 | 3,638 |
| Raw materials | 6,216 | 9,468 |
| Work in process | 183 | 364 |
| Supplies | 48 | 46 |
| Deferred tax assets | 624 | 605 |
| Other accounts receivable | 697 | 4,276 |
| Others | 3,235 | 3,196 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | -29 | -25 |
| Total current assets | 43,030 | 49,537 |
| Fixed assets |  |  |
| Tangible fixed assets |  |  |
| Buildings and structures | 4,604 | 4,708 |
| Accumulated depreciation | - 2,529 | -2,420 |
| Buildings and structures, net | 2,075 | 2,287 |
| Machinery and delivery equipment | 4,191 | 4,267 |
| Accumulated depreciation | - 2,904 | -2,788 |
| Machinery and equipment, net | 1,286 | 1,478 |
| Land | 4,966 | 4,752 |
| Construction in progress | 189 | 0 |
| Others | 559 | 561 |
| Accumulated depreciation | -409 | -381 |
| Buildings and structures, net | 149 | 180 |
| Total tangible fixed assets | 8,667 | 8,699 |
| Intangible fixed assets |  |  |
| Goodwill | 19 | 38 |
| Others | 1,440 | 1,181 |
| Total intangible fixed assets | 1,459 | 1,219 |
| Investments and other assets |  |  |
| Investment securities | 2,030 | 2,256 |
| Deferred tax assets | 201 | 207 |
| Others | 1,198 | 1,286 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | -207 | -259 |
| Total investments and other assets | 3,223 | 3,489 |
| Total fixed assets | 13,350 | 13,408 |
| Total assets | 56,380 | 62,945 |


|  | Q3 FY3/09 (December 31, 2008) | FY3/08 Summary (March 31, 2008) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Liabilities |  |  |
| Current liabilities |  |  |
| Notes and accounts payable | 10,765 | 12,880 |
| Short-term debt | 4,930 | 6,030 |
| Long-term debt expected to be repaid within a year | 340 | 640 |
| Accrued income taxes | 527 | 2,001 |
| Allowance for bonuses | 301 | 590 |
| Other accounts payable | 743 | 4,289 |
| Others | 3,789 | 2,960 |
| Total current liabilities | 21,399 | 29,392 |
| Fixed liabilities |  |  |
| Long-term debt | 1,352 | 1,307 |
| Allowance for retirement benefits | 366 | 410 |
| Allowance for directors' retirement benefits | 275 | 370 |
| Others | 3 | 3 |
| Total fixed liabilities | 1,996 | 2,090 |
| Total liabilities | 23,395 | 31,483 |
| Net assets |  |  |
| Shareholders' equity |  |  |
| Common stock | 3,559 | 3,559 |
| Legal capital surplus | 4,008 | 4,009 |
| Retained earnings | 25,956 | 23,494 |
| Treasury stock | -654 | -121 |
| Total shareholders' equity | 32,869 | 30,941 |
| Valuation and translation adjustments |  |  |
| Unrealized gains on other marketable securities | 124 | 203 |
| Deferred hedge gain/loss | 0 | 54 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments | -9 | 263 |
| Total of valuation and translation adjustments | 115 | 520 |
| Total net assets | 32,985 | 31,462 |
| Total liabilities and net assets | 56,380 | 62,945 |

First 9 months $\mathrm{FY} 3 / 09$ (April 1, 2008 -
December 31, 2008)

| Net sales | 151,876 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cost of sales | 137,242 |
| Gross profit | 14,633 |
| Selling, general, and administrative expenses | 8,642 |
| Operating income | 5,990 |
| Non-operating income |  |
| Interest income | 5 |
| Dividends income | 15 |
| Purchase discounts | 54 |
| Insurance income | 56 |
| Other | 42 |
| Total non-operating income | 175 |
| Non-operating expenses |  |
| Interest expenses | 72 |
| Equity in losses of affiliates | 52 |
| Commission fee | 9 |
| Foreign exchange loss | 689 |
| Other | 12 |
| Total non-operating expenses | 836 |
| Ordinary income | 5,329 |
| Extraordinary income |  |
| Gain on sales of fixed assets | 0 |
| Gain on sales of investment securities | 0 |
| Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts | 2 |
| Total extraordinary income | 4 |
| Extraordinary losses |  |
| Loss on sales of fixed assets | 34 |
| Loss on valuation of investment securities | 29 |
| Loss on sales of investment securities | 11 |
| Total extraordinary losses | 76 |
| Income before income taxes | 5,257 |
| Income taxes, etc. | 2,058 |
| Income taxes-deferred | 77 |
| Total income taxes | 2,136 |
| Net income | 3,121 |


| Cash flow from operating activities |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Income before income taxes | 5,257 |
| Depreciation and other amortization | 776 |
| Change in allowance for doubtful accounts (-' - means decrease) | -48 |
| Change in allowance for bonuses ( - -' means decrease) | -289 |
| Change in allowance for retirement benefits ( - ' means decrease) | -44 |
| Change in allowance for directors' retirement bonuses ('-' means decrease) | -95 |
| Interest or dividends received | -21 |
| Interest paid | 72 |
| Equity in earnings or losses of affiliates ('-' means gain) | 52 |
| Gain or loss on sales of investment securities (-'- means gain) | 10 |
| Gain or loss on valuation of investment securities (--' means gain) | 29 |
| Gain or loss on sales of tangible fixed assets ('-' means gain) | 34 |
| Change in accounts receivable ( - ' means increase) | -432 |
| Change in other accounts due ( -1 ' means increase) | 3,569 |
| Change in inventory ( - -' means increase) | 3,421 |
| Change in accounts payable - trade ('-' means decrease) | -1,581 |
| Changes in other accounts payable ('-' means decrease) | -3,447 |
| Other changes | 976 |
| Subtotal | 8,242 |
| Interest and dividends received | 23 |
| Interest paid | -72 |
| Corporate \& other taxes paid | -3,494 |
| Cash flow from operating activities | 4,699 |
| Cash flow from investment activities |  |
| Expenditure for the purchase of tangible fixed assets | -837 |
| Proceeds from the sale of tangible fixed assets | 1 |
| Expenditure for the purchase of intangible fixed assets | -405 |
| Expenditure for the purchase of investment securities | -13 |
| Proceeds from the sale of investment securities | 22 |
| Others | 99 |
| Cash flow from investing activities | -1,133 |
| Cash flow from financing activities |  |
| Net change in short-term loans (--' means decrease) | -1,100 |
| Proceeds from long-term loans | 300 |
| Expenditure for the repayment of long-term loans | -555 |
| Expenditure for the purchase of own shares | -538 |
| Dividends paid | -659 |
| Cash flow from financing activities | -2,553 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment on cash and cash equivalents | -199 |
| Change in cash and cash equivalents ('-' means decrease) | 813 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 2,724 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | 3,537 |

Effective from consolidated FY3/09, ASBJ Statement No.12, "Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting," and ASBJ Guidance No.14, "Guidance on Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting," have been applied. In addition, quarterly financial statements were prepared in accordance with the "Regulation Concerning Terminology, Forms and Methods of Preparation of Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements."
(4) Going Concern

There is nothing to report.
(5) Segment Information

1. Segment information by business

First 9 months FY3/09 (April 1, 2008-December 31, 2008)

|  | Precious metals <br> business <br> (millions of yen) | Food business <br> (millions of yen) | Total <br> (millions of yen) | Eliminations or <br> corporate <br> (millions of yen) | Consolidated <br> (millions of yen) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Net sales | 113,003 | 38,923 | 151,926 | $(50)$ | 151,876 |
| Operating income | 4,847 | 1,143 | 5,990 | - | 5,990 |

2. Segment information by region

First 9 months FY3/09 (April 1, 2008-December 31, 2008)

|  | Japan <br> (millions of yen) | Asia <br> (millions of yen) | Total <br> (millions of yen) | Eliminations or <br> corporate <br> (millions of yen) | Consolidated <br> (millions of yen) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Net sales | 150,369 | 17,215 | 167,584 | $(15,708)$ | 151,876 |
| Operating income | 5,369 | 604 | 5,974 | 16 | 5,990 |

(Note 1) Countries and regions above are segmented geographically.
(Note 2) ‘Asia’ above mainly consists of Thailand, Singapore, Philippines, and China.
3. Overseas sales

First 9 months FY3/09 (April 1, 2008-December 31, 2008)

|  | Asia <br> (millions of yen) | Total <br> (millions of yen) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Overseas sales (A) | 24,237 | 24,237 |
| Consolidated net sales (B) | 151,876 | 151,876 |
| A/B $(\%)$ | 16.0 | 16.0 |

(Note 1) Countries and regions above are segmented geographically.
(Note 2) 'Asia' above mainly consists of Taiwan, Thailand, Singapore, Philippines, Malaysia, and China.
(5) Notes about large variations in shareholders' equity during the period (April 1, 2008-December 31, 2008):

There is nothing to report.

## Reference

(Summary) Previous First 9 Months Consolidated Statement of Income

| Item | First 9 months FY3/08 <br> (April 2007 - <br> December 2007) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | thousands of yen | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \% of } \\ & \text { total } \end{aligned}$ |
| I. Net sales | 142,526,267 | 100.0 |
| II. Cost of sales | 127,623,409 | 89.5 |
| Gross profit | 14,902,858 | 10.5 |
| III. Selling, general, and administrative expenses | 8,080,830 | 5.7 |
| Operating income | 6,822,028 | 4.8 |
| IV. Non-operating income | 251,714 | 0.2 |
| V. Non-operating expenses | 196,221 | 0.1 |
| Ordinary income | 6,877,521 | 4.9 |
| VI. Extraordinary income | 38,723 | 0.0 |
| VIII. Extraordinary losses | 20,438 | 0.0 |
| Income before income taxes | 6,895,806 | 4.9 |
| Income taxes, etc. | 2,811,302 | 2.0 |
| Net income | 4,084,504 | 2.9 |
|  |  |  |

